State Court Authorities Governing Special Masters, Referees, Commissioners, and Similar Judicial Adjuncts

And

Comparison State Rules to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure Rule 53

State	Authorities and Comparison to FED. R.
	CIV. P. Rule 53
Alabama	ALA. R. CIV. P. WITH DIST. CT. MODIFICATIONS 53 Adopts pre-2003 amended version of the federal rule but state rule does not apply to state district courts.
Alaska	ALASKA R. CIV. P. 53 ALASKA CT. R., CHILD IN NEED OF AID 4 ALASKA CT. R., DELINQUENCY 4
Arizona	16 PART 1, A.R.S. RULES OF CIV. PROC., RULE 53 ARIZ. R. SUPER. CT. 96(e) (granting presiding judge in Superior Court power to appoint Court Commissioners with agreement of each party) Adopts pre-2003 amended version of the federal rule.
Arkansas	ARK. R. CIV. P. 53 Modeled after pre-2003 amended version of the federal rule but limited to non-jury actions.
California	CAL. CIV. PROC. CODE §§ 638 - 639 (West 2004) Requires agreement of the parties.
Colorado	COLO. CT. C.P.R. 53 Adopts pre-2003 amended version of federal rule.
Connecticut	CONN. R. SUPER. CT. PROC. FAMILY MATTERS § 25-53 Limited scope – only applies to family law matters. Pilot program established for civil/family discovery masters and civil matter settlement conferences scheduled to end 12/31/2004.

Delaware	DEL. S. CT. R. 43(b)(v)
	DEL. CT. CH. R. 135 – 47
	DEL. FAM. CT. C.P.R. 53
	DEL. SUPER. CT. CRIM. R. 5
	Limited to hearing issues of fact.
District of Columbia	D.C. SUPER. CT. R. CIV. P. 53
Bistrict of Columbia	D.C. SUPER. CT. R. DOM. REL. 53
	D.C. SUPER. CT. R. CRIM. P. 117
	Adopts pre-2003 amended version of the
	federal rule.
Florida	FLA. STAT. ANN. R.C.P. RULE 1.490 (West
	2004 & Supp. 2005)
	Requires parties' consent.
Georgia	GA. CODE ANN. §§ 9-7-1 to -6 (1982 &
	Supp. 2004)
Hawaii	HAW. R. CIV. P. 53
	Adopts pre-2003 amended version of
	federal rule.
Idaho	IDAHO R. CIV. P. 53
	IDAHO CRIM. R. 2.2
	Adopts pre-2003 amended version of
	federal rule.
Illinois	Illinois does not use fee officials. ¹
Indiana	IND. R. TRIAL P. 53
	Adopts pre-2003 amended version of
	federal rule.
Iowa	IOWA R. CIV. P. 1.935
	Adopts pre-2003 amended version of
	federal rule.
Kansas	KAN. STAT. ANN. § 60-253 (1994 & Supp.
	2002)
	When parties consent, any issue can be
	referred to a special master. Contains
	language where without the parties
	consent, the court can only refer a case to a
	master when justice will be measurably
	advanced, or to cases that will be tried to a
	jury when they involve examination of
	complex or voluminous accounts.
Kentucky	Ky. R. Civ. P. 53.01

1. Mullaney, Wells & Co. v. Savage, 282 N.E.2d 536, 538 (Ill. App. Ct. 1972).

Louisiana	When appointed to matters other than judicial sales, settlement, receivership, and bills of discovery assets of judgment debtors, appointment requires that the matter involve complex calculations, multiplicity of claims, or other exceptional circumstances. LA. REV. STAT. ANN. § 13:4165 (West Supp. 2004) Court can appoint in any civil action with parties consent if there is a complicated issue or when exceptional circumstances
	exist.
Maine	ME. R. CIV. P. 53 Adopts pre-2003 amended version of federal rule.
Maryland	MD. CIR. CT. R. CIV. P. 2-541 Limited to non-jury matters.
Massachusetts	MASS. R. CIV. P. 53 MASS. R. CRIM. P. 47 Adopts pre-2003 amended version of federal rule but also requires assent of all parties prior to special master appointment.
Michigan	MICH. CT. RULES PRAC. R. 3.913 Applies to probate and juvenile court. Can conduct preliminary inquiries and can preside at hearings other than a jury trial or preliminary examination.
Minnesota	MINN. R. CIV. P. 53 Adopts pre-2003 amended version of federal rule.
Mississippi	MISS. R. CIV. P. 53 Can refer any issue to a special master with the written consent of the parties, otherwise appointment requires an exceptional condition.
Missouri	Mo. R. CIV. P. 68.01 Adopts pre-2003 amended version of federal rule.
Montana	MONT. CODE ANN. § 25-20-R. 53 (2003) Adopts pre-2003 amended version of

	federal rule.
Nebraska	NEB. REV. STAT. §§ 25-1129 to -1137
	(2004)
	Appointment requires written consent of
	the parties.
Nevada	NEV. R. CIV. P. 53
	NEV. 1ST JUD. DIST. CT. R. 5
	Adopts pre-2003 amended version of
	federal rule.
New Hampshire	N.H. R. SUPER. CT. 85-A
•	Appointment requires written consent of
	the parties.
New Jersey	N.J. CONST. art. 11, § 4, ¶ 7
	N.J. R. CIV. PRAC. 4:41
	Appointment requires parties' consent.
New Mexico	N.M. R. CIV. P. 1-053
	Adopts pre-2003 amended version of
	federal rule.
New York	N.Y. UNIF. TRIAL CT. R. § 202.14
	Chief Administrator of courts has power of
	appointment.
North Carolina	N.C. GEN. STAT. § 1A-1, R. 53 (2003)
	Modeled after pre-2003 amended version
	of federal rule. Certain actions require
	parties' consent prior to appointment.
North Dakota	N.D. R. CIV. P. 53
	Adopts pre-2003 amended version of
	federal rule.
Ohio	OHIO REV. CODE ANN. CIV. R. 53
	OHIO REV. CODE ANN. CRIM. R. 19
	OHIO REV. CODE ANN. JUV. R. 40
	Modeled after pre-2003 amended version
	of federal rule. Does include pre-trial and
	post-trial matters, or matters where the
	parties consent.
Oklahoma	OKLA. STAT. ANN. tit. 12, §§ 612-619
	(West 2000)
	Can appoint to any civil action with the
0	parties' written consent.
Oregon	OR. R. CIV. P. 65
	Appointment requires written consent of

	the parties; without consent of the parties, appointment requires an exceptional condition.
Pennsylvania	42 PA. CONS. STAT. ANN. §§ 1558, 1920.51 (West 2002) Court can appoint at any time after the preliminary conference and master can hear any issue or the entire matter.
Rhode Island	R.I. R. CIV. P. 53 R.I. R. PROC. DOM. REL. 53 Adopts pre-2003 amended version of federal rule but also provides greater latitude in appointing a special master; special master may be appointed to any issue where the parties agree.
South Carolina	S.C. R. CIV. P. 53 Allows appointment when the parties consent.
South Dakota	S.D. CODIFIED LAWS § 15-6-53 (West 2004) Adopts pre-2003 amended version of federal rule.
Tennessee	TENN. R. CIV. P. 53 Adopts pre-2003 amended version of federal rule.
Texas	TEX. R. CIV. P. 171 Adopts pre-2003 amended version of federal rule but requires parties' consent to appointment of a master. Other modifications include that the case must be an "exceptional one" and there must be "good cause" for appointment of a master.
Utah	UTAH R. CIV. P. 53 Adopts pre-2003 amended version of federal rule.
Vermont	VT. R. CIV. P. 53 Adopts pre-2003 amended version of federal rule with minor modifications. State rule is narrower because for actions to be tried by a jury, appointment is only made when the action requires investigation of accounts or examination of

	vouchers.
Virginia	VA. S. CT. R. 2:18, 3A:1
	A court decree refers a matter to a
	"commissioner in chancery."
Washington	WASH. SUPER. CT. CIV. R. 53.3
	Adopts rule that is broader than the pre-
	2003 amended version of federal rule.
	State rule allows appointment for "good
	cause" and allows appointment of special
	master to discovery matters.
West Virginia	W. VA. R. CIV. P. 53
Wisconsin	WIS. STAT. § 805.06 (1994)
	Adopts pre-2003 amended version of
	federal rule with minor modifications, i.e.
	"referee" used in place of "special master."
Wyoming	WYO. R. CIV. P. 53
	Adopts pre-2003 amended version of
	federal rule.